

```
import numpy as np
```

```
x = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
```

```
y = np.array([2, 3, 5, 4, 6, 8, 9])
```

```
np.cov(x, y)
```

```
x_mean = np.mean(x)
```

```
y_mean = np.mean(y)
```

```
n = len(x)
```

```
cov_xy = np.sum((x-x_mean)*(y-y_mean))/(n-1)
```

```
cov_xx = np.sum((x - x_mean) **2 ) / (n - 1)
```

```
cov_yy = np.sum((y - y_mean) **2 ) / (n - 1)
```

```
np.array([cov_xx, cov_xy, cov_xy, cov_yy]).reshape(2, 2)
```

```
x_mean = np.mean(x)
y_mean = np.mean(y)
n = len(x)
cov_xy = np.sum((x-x_mean)*(y-y_mean))/(n-1)
cov_xx = np.sum((x - x_mean)**2)/(n - 1)
cov_yy = np.sum((y - y_mean)**2)/(n - 1)
np.array([cov_xx, cov_xy, cov_xy, cov_yy]).reshape(2,2)
```

[11] ✓ 0.0s

```
.. array([[4.66666667, 5.33333333],
          [5.33333333, 6.57142857]])
```

From Regression

```
m = cov_xy / cov_xx

b = y_mean - m * x_mean

print(m,b)
```

From Polyfit (OLS)

```
slope, intercept = np.polyfit(x, y, 1)

y_line = slope * x + intercept

slope,intercept,y_line
```

```
plt.scatter(x, y, label="Data points")

plt.plot(x, y_line, label="Trend line")
```

```
plt.title(f"Negative covariance = {cov_xy:.2f}")

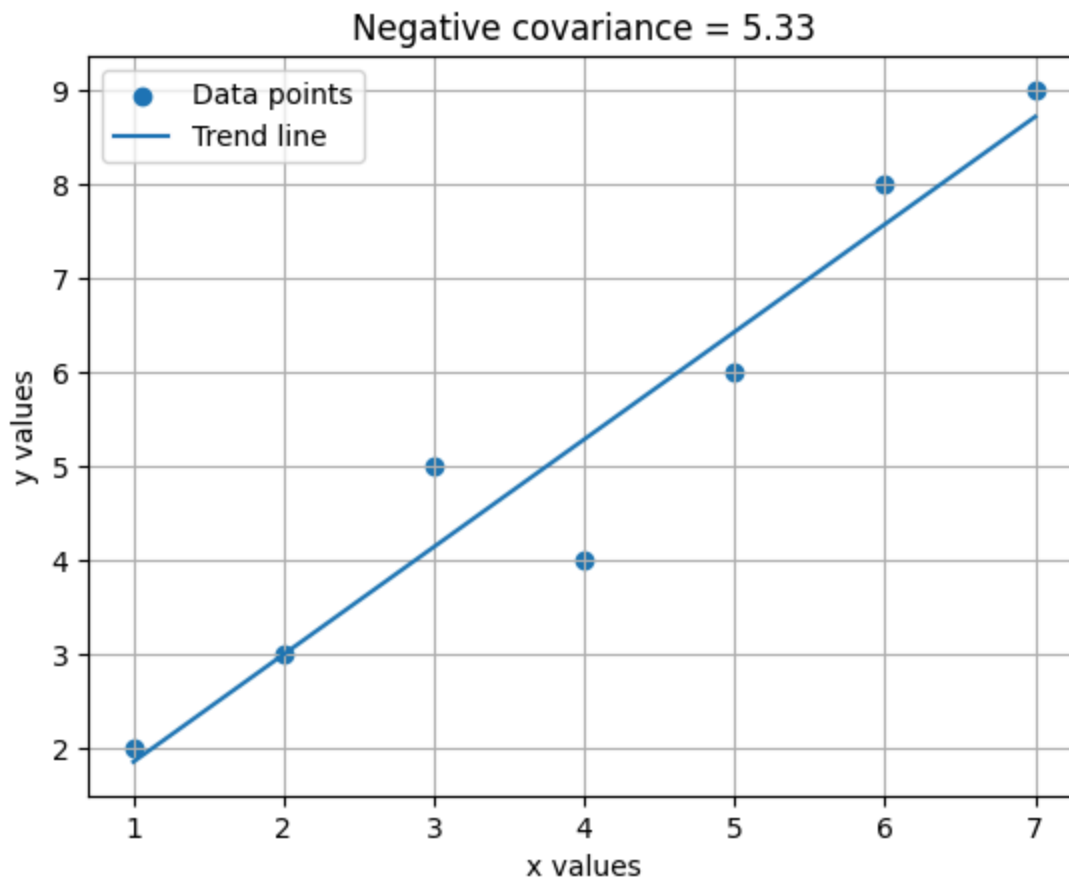
plt.xlabel("x values")

plt.ylabel("y values")

plt.legend()

plt.grid(True)

plt.show()
```



```
plt.scatter(x, y, label="Data points")

plt.plot(x, y_line, label="Trend line")
```

```

plt.title(f" covariance = {cov_xy:.2f}")

plt.xlabel("x values")

plt.ylabel("y values")

plt.legend()

plt.grid(True)

plt.show()

```

```
make_df(x,y)
```

index	x	y	x-x_mean	y-y_mean	(x-x_mean)*(y-y_mean)	(x-x_mean)*(x-x_mean)	(y-y_mean)*(y-y_mean)
0	1.0	2.0	-3.0	-3.3	9.9	9.0	10.8
1	2.0	3.0	-2.0	-2.3	4.6	4.0	5.2
2	3.0	5.0	-1.0	-0.3	0.3	1.0	0.1
3	4.0	4.0	0.0	-1.3	-0.0	0.0	1.7
4	5.0	6.0	1.0	0.7	0.7	1.0	0.5
5	6.0	8.0	2.0	2.7	5.4	4.0	7.4
6	7.0	9.0	3.0	3.7	11.1	9.0	13.8
sum	28.0	37.0	0.0	-0.1	32.0	28.0	39.5

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```

def plot_cov_contributions(x, y):

    x_mean = np.mean(x)

    y_mean = np.mean(y)

    x_minus_x_mean = x - x_mean

    y_minus_y_mean = y - y_mean

    contributions = x_minus_x_mean * y_minus_y_mean

    plt.xlabel('x')

    plt.ylabel('y')

    plt.axhline(y_mean, linestyle = '--', c='r', label='y_mean')

    plt.axvline(x_mean, linestyle = '--', c='g', label='x_mean')

```

```

# Annotate each point with contribution

for xi, yi, contribution in zip(x, y, contributions):

    plt.text(

        xi + 0.08,

        yi + 0.08,

        f"({xi:.0f}-{x_mean:.1f})({yi:.0f}-{y_mean:.1f})=({xi-x_mean})*({yi-
y_mean:.1f})\n= {contribution:.2f}",

        fontsize=9

    )

# distance from x mean: horizontal distance

for xi, yi in zip(x, y):

    plt.plot([xi, x_mean], [yi, yi], linestyle=":")

# distance from y mean: vertical distance

for xi, yi in zip(x, y):

    plt.plot([xi, xi], [yi, y_mean], linestyle=":")

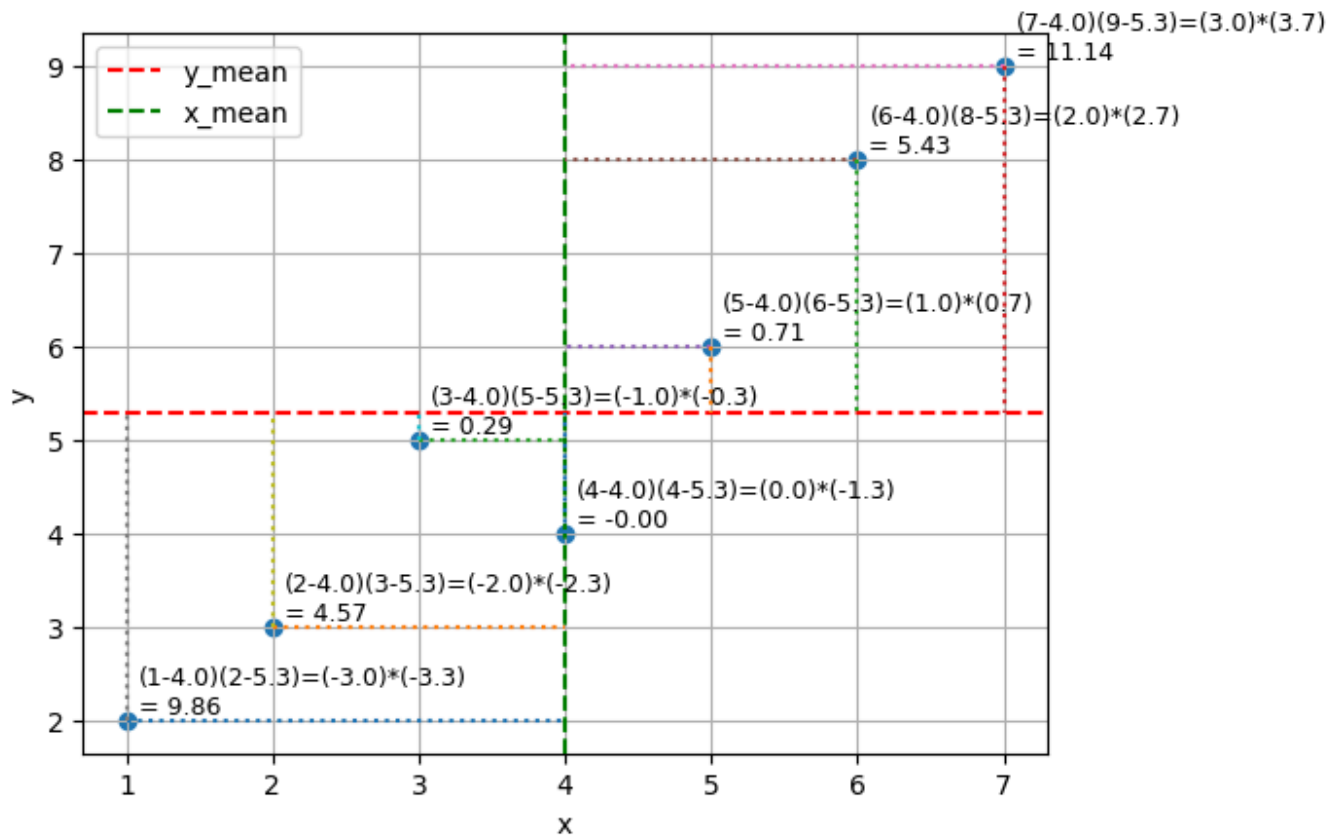
plt.grid(True)

plt.legend()

plt.scatter(x,y)

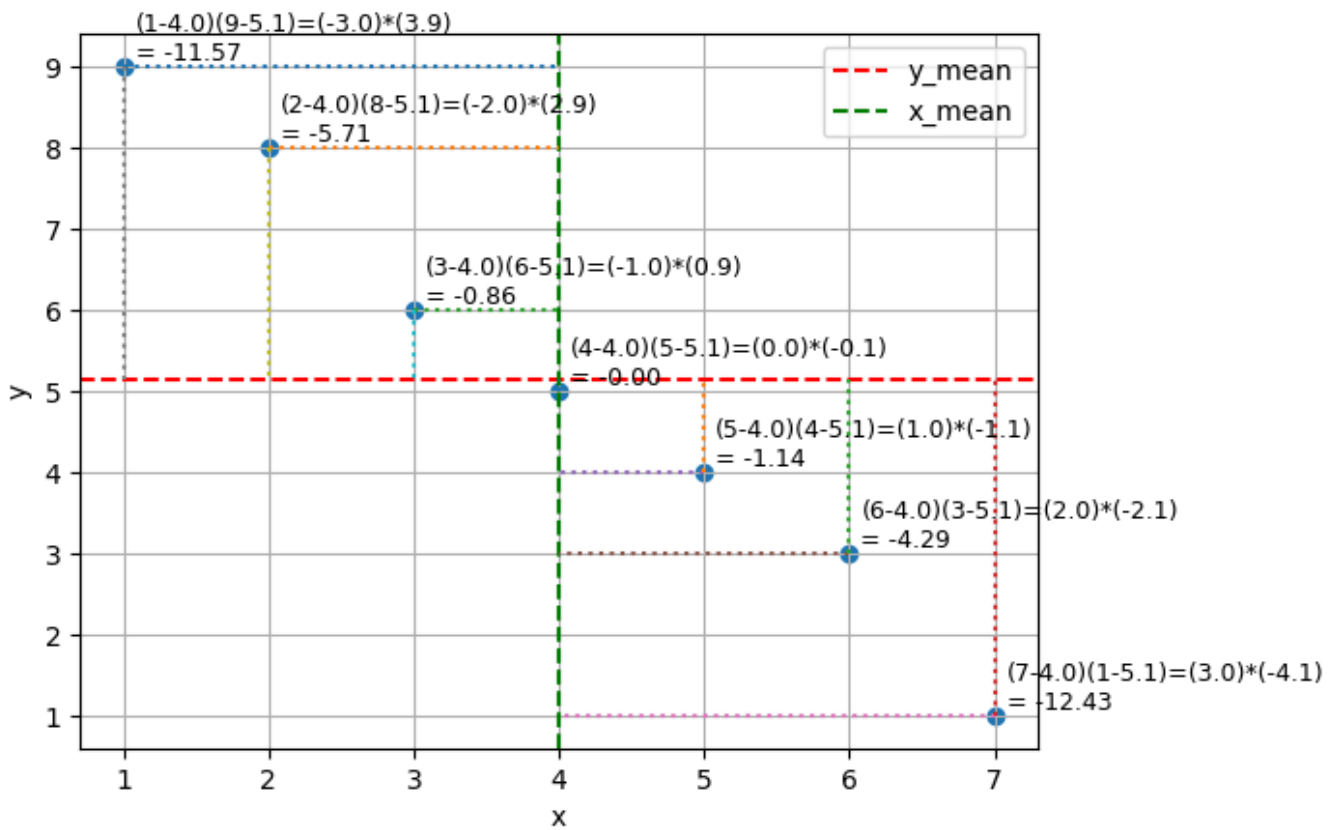
```

```
plot_cov_contributions(x,y)
```



```
y_negative = np.array([9, 8, 6, 5, 4, 3, 1])
```

```
plot_cov_contributions(x,y_negative)
```



`make_df(x,y_negative)`

```
1 make_df(x,y_negative)
```

	x	y	x-x_mean	y-y_mean	(x-x_mean)*(y-y_mean)	(x-x_mean)*(x-x_mean)	(y-y_mean)*(y-y_mean)
0	1.0	9.0	-3.0	3.9	-11.6	9.0	14.9
1	2.0	8.0	-2.0	2.9	-5.7	4.0	8.2
2	3.0	6.0	-1.0	0.9	-0.9	1.0	0.7
3	4.0	5.0	0.0	-0.1	-0.0	0.0	0.0
4	5.0	4.0	1.0	-1.1	-1.1	1.0	1.3
5	6.0	3.0	2.0	-2.1	-4.3	4.0	4.6
6	7.0	1.0	3.0	-4.1	-12.4	9.0	17.2
sum	28.0	36.0	0.0	0.3	-36.0	28.0	46.9

```
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

cov_positive = np.cov(x, y)[0, 1]
```

```
cov_negative = np.cov(x, y_negative)[0, 1]

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))

plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)

plt.scatter(x, y)

plt.title(f"Positive Covariance: {cov_positive:.2f}")

plt.xlabel("x")

plt.ylabel("y")

plt.grid(True)

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)

plt.scatter(x, y_negative)

plt.title(f"Negative Covariance: {cov_negative:.2f}")

plt.xlabel("x")

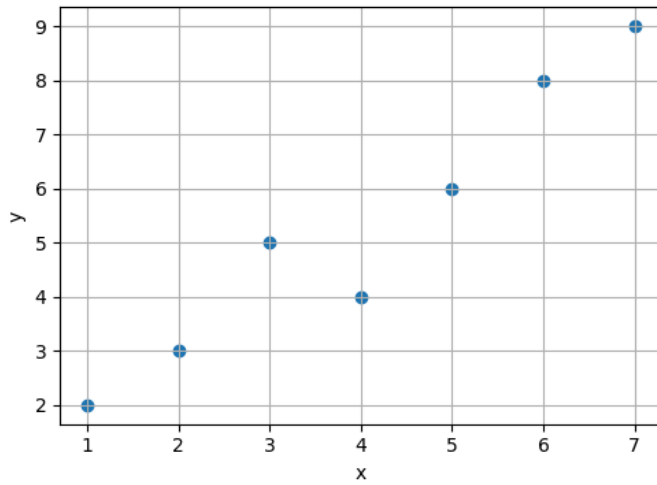
plt.ylabel("y")

plt.grid(True)

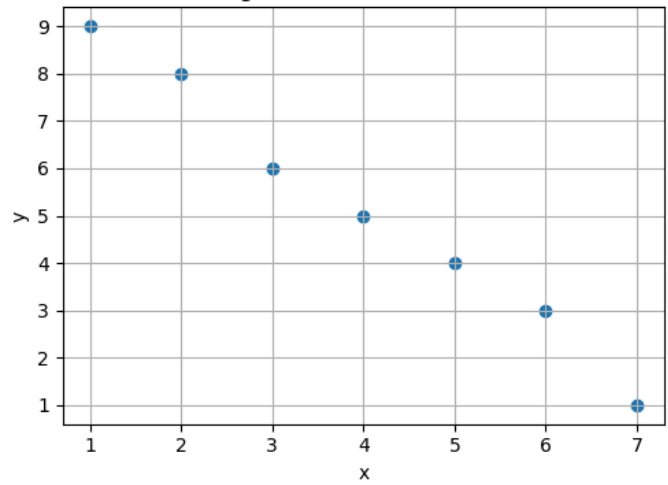
plt.tight_layout()

plt.show()
```

Positive Covariance: 5.33



Negative Covariance: -6.00



```
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

cov_xy = np.cov(x, y)[0, 1]

slope, intercept = np.polyfit(x, y, 1)

y_line = slope * x + intercept

plt.scatter(x, y, label="Data points")

plt.plot(x, y_line, label="Trend line")

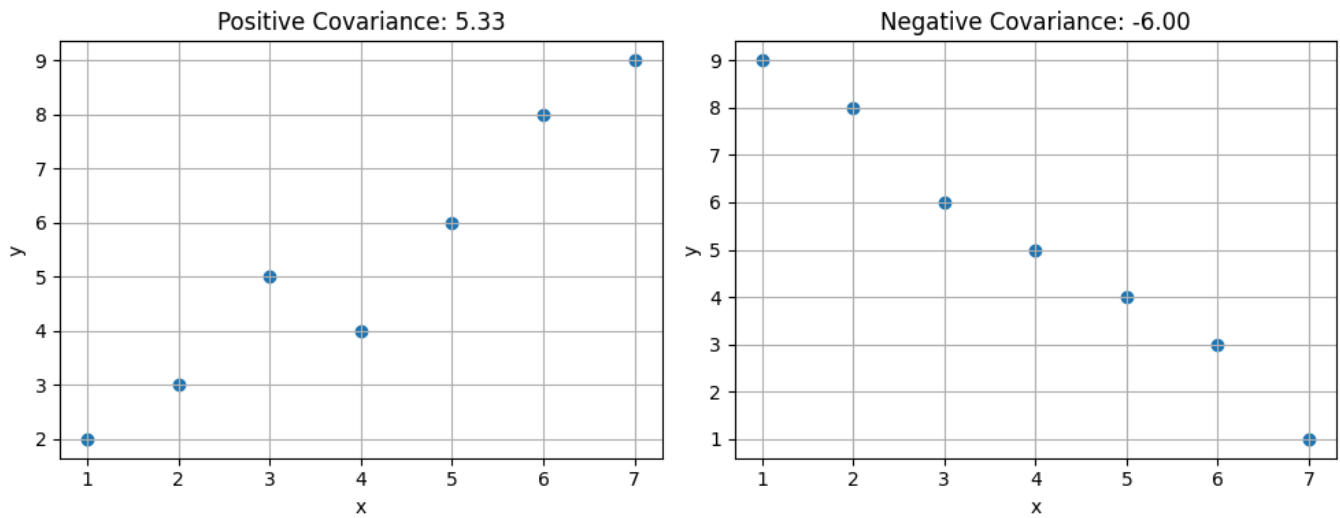
plt.xlabel("x values")

plt.ylabel("y values")

plt.legend()

plt.grid(True)
```

```
plt.show()
```



```
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

cov_xy = np.cov(x, y)[0, 1]

slope, intercept = np.polyfit(x, y, 1)

y_line = slope * x + intercept

plt.scatter(x, y, label="Data points")

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```

```
plt.show()
```

Cost

```
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# A simple prediction line:  $y_{\text{pred}} = mx + b$ 

m = 1.1

b = 0.8

 $y_{\text{pred}} = m * x + b$ 

# Error and squared loss

errors = y -  $y_{\text{pred}}$ 

squared_losses = errors ** 2

# Cost function: Mean Squared Error

cost = np.mean(squared_losses)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

# Actual data points
```

```
plt.scatter(x, y, s=80, label="Actual values")

# Predicted line

plt.plot(x, y_pred, label=f"Predicted line: y = {m:.2f}x + {b:.2f}")

# Draw vertical loss/error lines from predicted value to actual value

for xi, actual, pred, error, loss in zip(x, y, y_pred, errors,
squared_losses):

    plt.plot([xi, xi], [pred, actual], linestyle="--")

    mid_y = (actual + pred) / 2

    plt.text(

        xi + 0.08,

        mid_y,

        f"error={error:.2f}\nloss={loss:.2f}",

        fontsize=9

    )

plt.title(f"Loss Visualization\nCost / MSE = {cost:.2f}")

plt.xlabel("x")

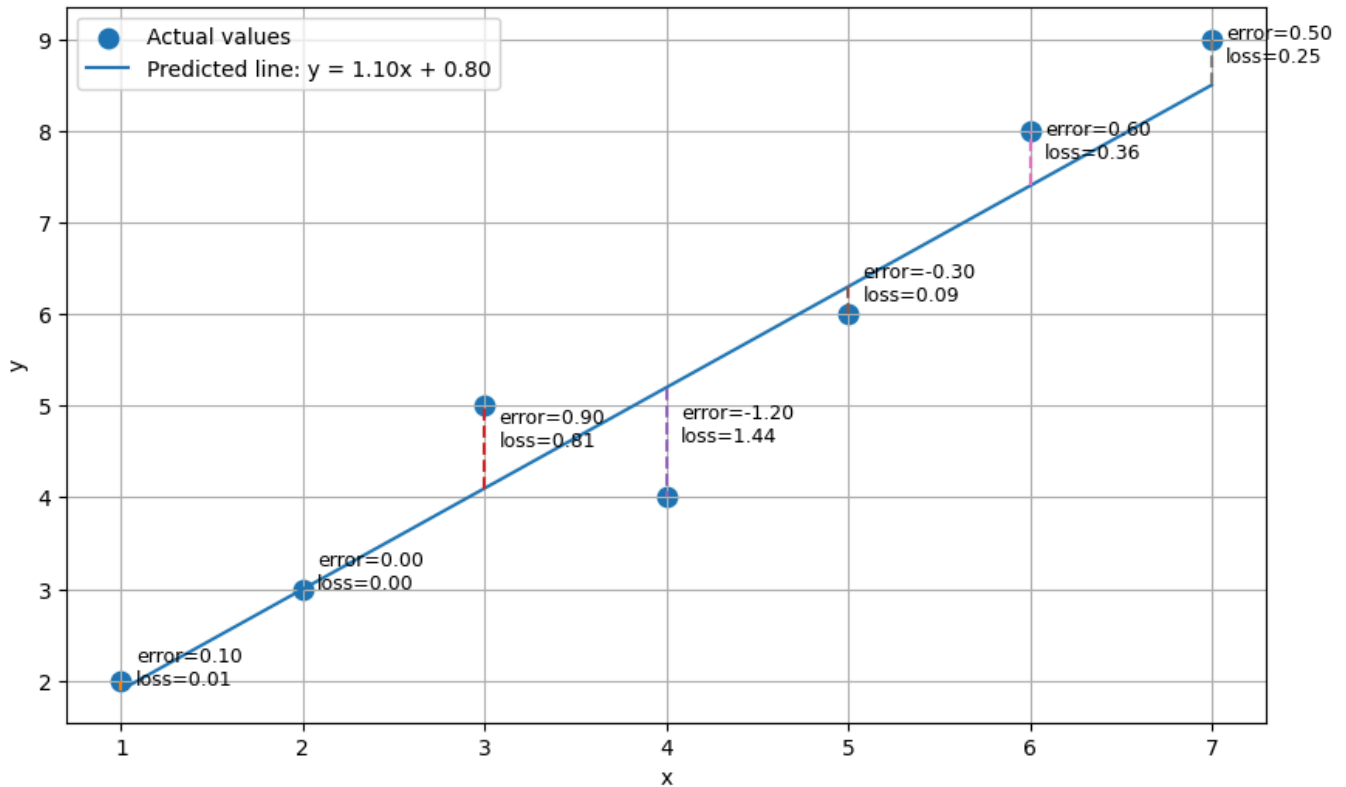
plt.ylabel("y")

plt.grid(True)

plt.legend()

plt.show()
```

Loss Visualization Cost / MSE = 0.42



```
import numpy as np
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
experience = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
```

```
actual_salary = np.array([30000, 35000, 50000, 55000, 65000])
```

```
b = 25000
```

```
m_values = np.arange(5000, 13000, 500)
```

```
costs = []
```

```
for m in m_values:
```

```
predicted_salary = m * experience + b

mse = np.mean((actual_salary - predicted_salary) ** 2)

costs.append(mse)

print(costs)

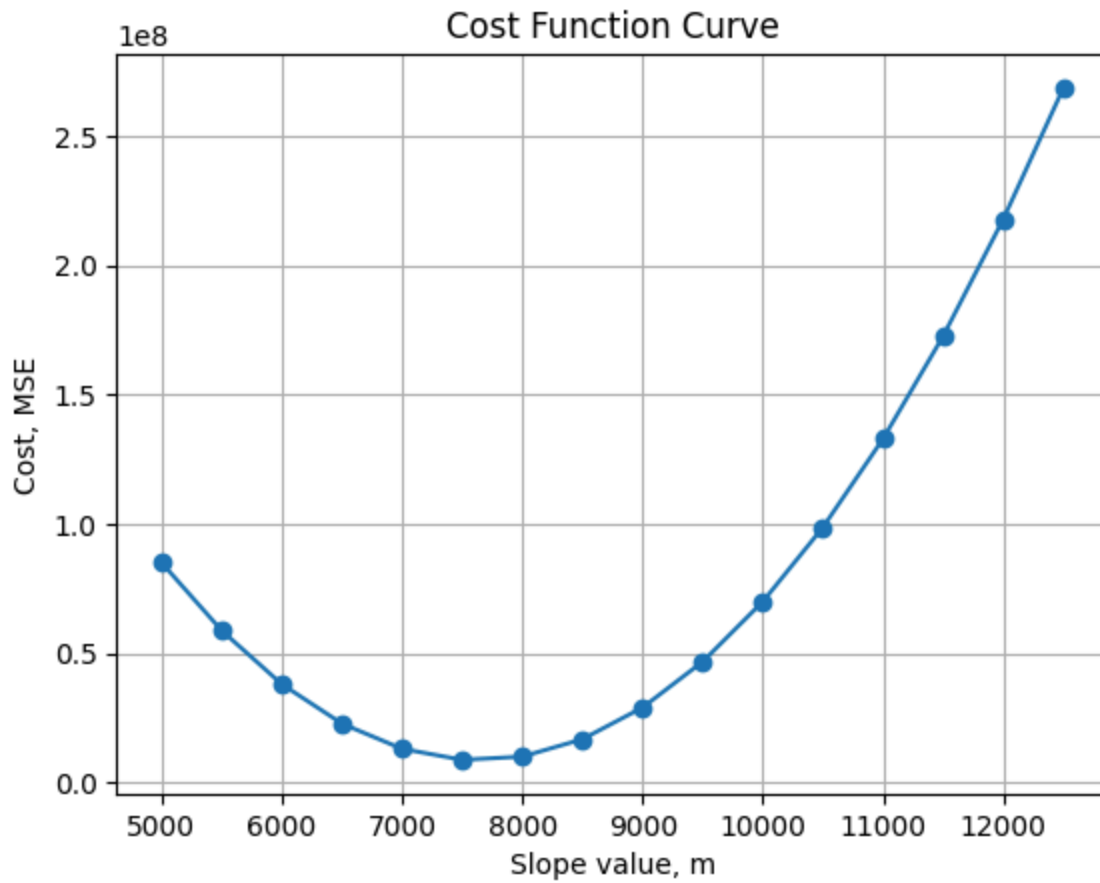
plt.plot(m_values, costs, marker='o')

plt.xlabel('Slope value, m')
plt.ylabel('Cost, MSE')
plt.title('Cost Function Curve')
plt.grid(True)

plt.show()

best_index = np.argmin(costs)

print("Best m:", m_values[best_index])
print("Lowest cost:", costs[best_index])
```



```
import numpy as np
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
m = 8000
```

```
b = 25000
```

```
predicted_salary = m * experience + b
```

```
mse = np.mean((actual_salary - predicted_salary) ** 2)
```

```
plt.scatter(experience, actual_salary, label='Actual Salary')
```

```
plt.plot(experience, predicted_salary, marker='*',c='r', label='Predicted
Salary')

plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')

plt.ylabel('Salary')

plt.title('Linear Regression Prediction')

plt.legend()

plt.grid(True)

plt.show()

print("Predicted Salary:", predicted_salary)

print("Cost using MSE:", mse)
```